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he Daily Commercial

HE Chicago *Journal* says the accounts of corn crops in Central and Southern Illinois are unfavorable. Whole fields of corn are literally "drying up." There has been no rain in those regions since June.

GENTLEMAN from Yale College lately added East Rock, Conn., taking a barometer to ascertain its height. Accidentaly dropping the barometer, it was broken, and the mercury rolled down among the rocks. A day or two after, a farmer discovered the deposit, scooped some in a vial, and started for New Haven in a state of excitement over his discovery of a quicksilver mine.

THE Cocheco Prine works at Dover, N. H., have 48,232 spindles and 1,300 looms. These consume 4,700 bales of cotton yearly and produce 12,000,000 yards of cloth. A thousand hands are employed in the mills. For several years past the company has paid in dividends $6,000 every six months, and in June over and above this $300,000 of the capital stock was divided among the stockholders leaving the working capital an even million.

THE Providence *Journal* says: "We are sorry at the statement that Chief Justice Chase is a fortune of $700,000 is not true. He has no such fortune. Chief Justice Chase possesses what a few years since would have been called a handsome fortune, and still a competency, has decreased some $40,000 since he has been in the public service, his expenses having exceeded his income by that amount."

GEN. BUTLER, in reply to the question what he had to say with regard to his connection with Sanford Conover, as set forth in the affidavit of this individual, has distinctly stated: "I never saw Conover in my life; I never saw a witness purporting to come from him, and never saw any testimony given by Conover." If the whole of Conover's affidavit is as erroneous as that portion relating to General Butler, it will be poor support to Mr. Johnson and his friends.

West Virginia Towns on the Ohio.

A correspondent writing from Pomeroy, Ohio, the center of the great salt basin, thus refers to the West Virginia suburbs: On the opposite side of the Ohio, in Mason county, West Virginia, are situated in regular order, when ascending the river, the villages of West Columbia, Clifton, Mason City, Hartford City, and New Haven, at each of which are salt furnaces and coal mines. Clifton, directly opposite Middleport, is just springing into note, in consequence of the erection, by a wealthy corporation, of a nail mill, employing a capital of about $200.000. This company, which also purposes engaging in the manufacture of salt, is composed of the First National Bank of Pomroy, and General Powell for general business director. The combined population of the West Virginia colonies is variously estimated from four to six thousand souls, making it at the lowest figure, there are at the center of the great salt basin 16,000 inhabitants. Beyond the nail mill no manufactories have as yet been established, but it is currently reported that a Philadelphia company is about to build iron works, of some description, on a body of coal land owned by near Clifton. A company of Pittsburgh capitalists own a large tract of coal land at the upper end of West Columbia, and it is rumored that this company have also in contemplation the construction of iron works. There are still opportunities here for profitable investments in real estate. Opposite Minersville are 100 acres of land, about seventy-five of which is high bottom land, suitable for the location of town, salt furnaces, or iron works. The balance of the tract is mainly hill land, underlaid with coal and well timbered, the timber alone being of sufficient value to cover the purchase. This land is owned by some half dozen heirs, and can be obtained for $45 or $55 per acre.

POLITICAL.

PENNSYLVANIA.

The Forest county Democracy have nominated *J. C. Seggins for Assembly*; S. S. Hulings for Associate Judge, and W. W. Mason for District Attorney.

The Democracy of Center county have put in nomination the following ticket: Senator, S. Thugert, subject to the decision of the Senatorial Conference; Assembly, P. Gray Meek; Treasurer, A. C. Geary; County Commissioner, Wm. Keller; Jury Commissioner, John Shannon; Auditor, S. Ellinger.

The Democracy of Clinton county have put in the following ticket in nomination: Assembly, J. O. Deise; Prothonotary, Wm. H. Brown; Register and Recorder, Samuel B. Snook; Treasurer, Platt Hitchcock; Commissioner, John Rishel; Jury Commissioner, Nathan L. Woods; Auditor, David Mapes; Coroner, Dr. John L. Kelly.

OHIO.

The Union men of Franklin and Pickaway counties have nominated Dr. A. G. Byers, at present Chaplain of the State Prison, for State senator. The Doctor is a talented man and ardent patriot, and if elected will represent his constituents with great credit. The Hon. E. E. White and C. P. Landon were nominated for representatives.

Hon. James C. Hall, of Toledo, and Abel M. Torey, of Fulton county, are the Union nominees for Senators in that District. Mr. Hall is widely known as a model representative of business interests. The last time he was in the Republicans have nominated him for senator.

Hon. Columbus Delano, of Mount Vernon, will address the people of Steubenville on September 17th.

STATE ITEMS.

The next session of the Venango County Court commences at Franklin on Monday, August 26th. No civil cases will be tried. There are about fifty criminal cases to be disposed of.

Mrs. George Mays, of Rockland township, in Venango county, who was bitten by a moccasin snake about two weeks ago, died from the effects of the poison on Saturday last.

C. A. Hammond, of Conneautville, died last Saturday morning from lockjaw, while being removed to his home. A brother of Mr. Hammond died at Conneautville on Friday afternoon.

The Greensburg *Argus* says: A singular and fatal disease has broken out among poultry in this vicinity. Daniel Kistler, Esq., of Hempfield township, lost about one hundred in a short time; we have lost about a dozen, and many others have met similar losses. The fowl often dies in a single day's time, the symptoms being loss of appetite, drooping, stillness, &c., finally resulting in death. The epidemic has created great excitement, not only among poultry breeders, but also persons in the habit of depending upon them for the table. No remedy seems to have been discovered as yet to prevent the spread of this remarkable disease.

John Heffler, a German, aged fifty-two, residing at Lancaster, followed to the grave last week his thirty-third child. Heffler was married three times. His first marriage took place in Germany, when he was twenty-one years of age. With this wife he had seventeen children. At four successive accouchements, triplets; twice twins, and the last a single birth. Shortly after the latter event the wife died. He was again married, and the issue of the second marriage was fifteen children—seven times twins, and the eighth a single birth. His third and present wife has thus far presented him with five children, one at a birth. The sex of the children were nineteen boys and eighteen girls, only four of whom are now living.

Ex-President Buchanan has recently purchased several lots in the Woodward Hill Cemetery, near Lancaster.

The editors of the Reading *Dispatch* are in trouble, being under bail on two charges of libel—one on complaint of a lawyer named Sassaman, and the other on complaint of E. H. Rauch, editor of the campaign paper *Father Abraham*. The editors have also prosecuted E. H. Rauch for libel.

Thayer & Noyes's Circus exhibited in Elmira last week. Professor Charles White, the lion tamer, who was so fearfully injured at Rochester, was present, and entered the cage of lions for the first time since he was rescued from the old lion's jaws. He put them through the usual evolutions, with the exception of the one that attacked him, he being chained down. He was very restless and scared naughty, and when Professor White left the cage he made tremendous efforts to break loose and get at Mr. White.

The Gray Reserves, under command of Col. Charles M. Provost, Philadelphia, will attend the dedication of the Antietam National Cemetery, on the 17th proximo.

There is now living in Athens township, (says the Meadville *Republican*,) Crawford county, the Meadville *Republican*,) Crawford county, the Meadville *Republican*,) Crawford county, Pa., a venerable lady in the person of Mrs. Rebecca Porter. Mrs. Porter was born in the province of Nova Scotia, from whence she removed some twenty-six years ago with her son to this county, and she is now in her ninety-ninth year. Mrs. Porter is one of the few living links connecting the long past with the present. She survives all her children. She has a number of grandchildren, and numerous great-grandchildren. Last week the old lady walked one and a half miles, obtained a pair of hand cards and from the fleece carded, spun and twisted eight "cuts" of woolen yarn within a space of time which many a younger damsel might be proud of. We believe Mrs. Porter is the oldest person in our county. Does any one know of an older resident?

The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. IV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 21, 1867. NO. 295.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

THE CAPITAL.

GEN. SHERIDAN REMOVED

The Official Order Promulgated.

The Registration in Louisana.

Gen. Grant Curtailing War Department Expenses.

The Soldiers' Union and General Grant.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 20, 1867.

The Removal of Sheridan Ordered.

The official order, promulgated through the Adjutant General's office, relieving General Sheridan from the command of the Fifth Military District, and appointing General G. H. Thomas in his place, was sent by mail to General Sheridan this afternoon, preceded by a telegraphic notification. General Thomas is directed to proceed at once to New Orleans, and General Hancock assumes command of the department of the Cumberland. General Grant directed the Adjutant General to frame the order so as to require General Sheridan to report at Army Headquarters in Washington, before he proceeds to the department of Missouri and Kansas. Careful inquiry to-day leaves no doubt of the fact that General Grant opposed the displacement of Sheridan.

That portion of the official order which requires General Thomas to continue to execute all orders he may find in force in the Fifth Military District at the time of his assuming command of it, unless authorized by the General of the army to annul, alter or modify them, was issued by General Grant without consulting the President, and elicits comment in political circles.

Louisiana Registration.

Among Sheridan's last official acts is the forwarding of a report giving the official returns of registration in Louisiana. By this it appears that the colored registration exceeds the white by 58,142. The total number registered is 127,888, being nearly three times the number of voters in Louisiana in 1860. Ten parishes out of forty-eight show white majorities ranging from 100 to 500. In New Orleans the whites have a majority.

Indians Routed.

An official telegram from Gen. Griffin says that the regular troops attacked and drove the Indians from Buffalo Springs, Northern Texas, where they were in some force committing depredations.

War Department Expenses.

It is the intention of Gen. Grant, Acting Secretary of War, to curtail the expenses of the War Department as fast as possible. A large number of buildings in the neighborhood of the Department now rented by the Government, will be given up as soon as the papers and records can be transferred to the Department. About fifty clerks will be dismissed on account of scarcity of work.

Cabinet Meeting.

This being Cabinet day, no visitors were admitted to interviews with the President. The Cabinet assembled at noon and remained in session about an hour and a half, all the members present except Secretary Browning and the Attorney General. The former is quite indisposed, and the latter is still absent from the city.

The Turkish Minister.

The Turkish Minister, Blacque Bey, who arrived in this city on Saturday last as the minister resident from Turkey to this government, was not presented to the President, but will be on Friday next. He was at the State Department this morning, and had an interview with Secretary Seward, who returned the call this evening.

Grant and the Soldiers' Union.

It is a noticeable fact that the Soldiers and Sailors Union of this city, at their meeting last evening, voted down a resolution indorsing the course of Gen Grant, in obeying the order of the President assigning him to the charge of the War Department.

Verdict Approved.

Gen. Sickles has approved the findings and sentence of the court-martial in the case of the captain of the steamer Pilot Boy, who was recently tried at Charleston for refusing to take a colored woman as passenger on board of his vessel.

The Wood Paper Patent.

The Commissioner of Patents has made a decision in the case of Watt & Burgess, owners of a patent for making paper from wood and other vegetable matter, who applied for an extension of their patent, which expired yesterday. The decision has not yet been promulgated, but it is said that the extension has been granted as prayed. It was shown in evidence before the examiner that the patentees had not received a fair remuneration for their invention, and had the Commissioner refused to grant the extension they would have had no remedy, but the same being extended, the case can be carried to court, where a full and fair examination can be had and a decision rendered which will secure the rights of all parties. The decision of the Commissioner will be made public in a few days, and the case will be carried before the District Court.

WASHINGTON, August 19.

MEETING OF THE BAR.

A meeting of about thirty members of the bar was held to-day, F. P. Stanton presiding, and adopted resolutions disapproving the irregular method of reviewing orders of Court, asserting it was a gravy error to suppose the rights of attorneys could be maintained by personal ritueperation or physical violence, and also asserting the propriety of courts punishing for contempt. This action refers to the Brad ley-Fisher difficulty.

SENTENCE CONFIRMED.

General Sickles, on the 17th, approved the sentence of court-martial in the case of Captain McNeity, of the steamer Pilot Bay, for refusing to grant first-class passage to Miss Frances Bollin, from Charleston to Beaufort, on the steamer, because of caste or color. The sentence was a fine of $250.

MILITARY CHANGE.

Colonel Luddington has been ordered to New Mexico. Col. H. Clay Wood is ordered to Russian America with Gen. Jeffords.

SECRETARY BROWNING.

Is better to-day, but is still unable to leave his bed.

THE TURKISH MINISTER

Had an interview with Secretary Seward to-day, and will be presented to the President to-morrow.

JUST PUNISHMENT.

An order of Gen. Sickles's received here to-day, details the trial, conviction and sentence of certain parties for taking a colored girl from a school house to the woods, and inflicting one hundred and forty lashes upon her, because she resisted being whipped by a daughter of one of the parties—the negro girl successfully whipping the white. Abram Jenkins, a Justice of the Peace, was sentenced to be removed from office, fined $25, and imprisoned at hard labor one month. Six other parties concerned were likewise fined and imprisoned. One Saunders, for whipping a negro boy and girl, was fined $20 and imprisoned for one month. This above occurred at Plymouth, N. C., and the commanding officer there is ordered to see that the sentence be executed.

BUCYRUS, OHIO.

Destruction of Machine Shop by Fire.. Loss, $812,000--Insurance, $4,000.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BUCYRUS, August 20, 1867.

The machine shop of Frey & Shoecklen, of this place, was destroyed by fire last night. Loss twelve thousand dollars; insured for four thousand dollars in the Richland Mutual. No thousand dollars in the Richland Mutual. No thousand dollars in the Richland Mutual. No

The Daily Commercial

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 21, 1867.

THE COMMERCIAL *is the largest daily paper in the State, and gives daily one-fourth more reading than any other paper in Pittsburgh. It is the only Pittsburgh paper that uses the telegraph liberally, gives full market reports, and all the news of the day.*

PROBABLY there is not a greater blatherskite than the ex-rebel General MAGRUDER. If he had a particle of sensibility he would not show himself in the North, where he is at present traveling. According to his own declarations he should be among the Camanche Indians now; for on the 14th of April, 1864, he made a speech at Houston, Texas, in the course of which he said: "Come what may, I shall stand by my country, and I will never be a slave to Yankee power. I had rather be a Camanche Indian Chief than bow the knee to Yankeedom." But instead of keeping his promise, with BEAUREGARD and some others, he is going round among the Yankees to raise money to put a patent in operation.

PIERCE BUTLER, well known in Philadelphia, and famous in connection with the FANNY KEMBLE divorce case, died recently on his plantation in Georgia. Immediately succeeding the first election of LINCOLN, BUTLER left Philadelphia for the South, going by the way of Charleston. There he entered into the then-developing schemes of the secessionists, and became an instrument for coercing Georgia into the precipitate movement. He was a communicative, gentlemanly sort of person, and it was through him that the correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, then just arrived in Charleston, obtained an introduction to a number of the leading secessionists there, whereby he has assisted materially in prosecuting the objects of his somewhat protracted and not altogether uninteresting sojourn in the hot bed of the rebellion.

MR. WEED, in his *Commercial Advertiser*, has opened a vigorous warfare on Chief Justice CHASE. The principal charge is MR. CHASE is a Presidential candidate, and that his advocates are paid out of favors derived from him when Secretary of the Treasury. He does not charge, but intimates that JAY COOK & Co. divide profits with the Secretary, who consequently must be very rich. The assailant of the Chief Justice publishes an extract from a letter from Washington, insinuating that he is a frequent visitor to the White House; that he is opposed to impeachment because that would give WADE the advantage; that he is fanning the embers against SHERIDAN, whose removal would injure GRANT, and that as a part of the game the *National Intelligencer* defends him. MR. WEED overshoots the mark; and he has but to keep on to make Judge CHASE a formidable candidate.

In the New York Constitutional Convention a proposition was under consideration restricting the combination of railroads, whereby great monopolies become entrenched in a position adverse to the public welfare. In the course of the debate one member said:

> Where is New Jersey to-day. She is the creature of a railroad corporation. Where is Pennsylvania? She has sold her canals to the railroads, and they have consolidated the carrying trade into their own pockets. Her immense mineral wealth lies still hidden in the earth, kept there by the avarice of railroad consolidations and monopolists. The same thing will happen here unless some check is put upon the avarice of these great powers. If it be not done, the iron hands of the railroads will be laid upon our own canals, and the people will suffer. * * * Then the railroads would reach out their iron hands and grasp the entire commerce of the State, obliterating other channels of trade. They would rule the Legislature in time, and dictate to the interests and destinies of the state. To-day there is no want of combination sufficient to accommodate the travel of the public. Nothing more is needed, for this state of things will take us but a few years, to go back to Pennsylvania. She once had a beautiful chain of canals that answered all her needs. In an evil day she parted with her canals. True, it was pretended that the parties who bought them should not raise the tolls, but the railroad power went down to the financial and it broke this agreement. What is the result? In that State to-day it costs $8.20 to carry a ton of coal one hundred miles, whereas it only costs twenty cents for the same distance in this State.

A better day, through a wiser policy, is in store for Pennsylvania. Her mineral wealth and the wealth of her forests will yet be developed and find a market. The discussion which this question has had, and is having, will inevitably produce action of the right kind by the people, whose first step should be the election of a Legislature that will be devoted to their interests.

We heartily agree with the New York *Times* that it is in bad taste, poor policy, damaging to our fiscal interests abroad, and of injurious moral tendency, to bandy charges of repudiation in the political contests of the day, merely for the sake of attaching odium to opponents. If the dishonesty is not brought into familiarity, and perhaps into favor, by this means, the tendency of the frequent allegation is in that direction. At any rate its tendency and probable effect will be to generate suspicions of the insecurity of the national bonds abroad, and that will occasion their depreciation, and entail loss upon the holders of them. But while all this is true, it is equally true that a desperate and debased party spirit does lead some of the Democratic papers to speak on the subject, in a style horribly like an advocacy of repudiation. We should not have to go out of this city, nor further back than yesterday, to find an example of this, that is exceeded in atrocity only by its own financial stupidity. If the *Post* is accustomed to pay one set of obligations by giving another set—the plea it proposes to the Government, by issuing greenbacks to the amount of our national debt, in order to pay it—it must have a remarkably easy set of creditors, if they are satisfied with the arrangement, as a finality. It would be the handiest way of paying debts that ever was heard of.

POLITICS IN VIRGINIA.

The tone and temper of the leading Democratico-Conservative paper in Richmond, leads us to suspect that the interest and party which it represents are in a hopelessly forlorn condition in that locality, and probably throughout the State. From its talk, we judge that the political revolution *within* the State, to say nothing of its Federal relations, is complete, and that the next election will demonstrate the downfall of the aristocracy and the ascendency of the popular element. The Republican Convention lately held in Richmond and the Address it issued to the people of Virginia are criticized in a style that indicates less of hope than of despair, and the leading men, UNDERWOOD, PIERPONT and BOTTS are berated as none ever are in party warfare, except when their success is sure.

The candidateship of Gov. PIERPONT for re-election makes him, of course, the chief object of attack. Of him, the paper referred to says: "We accept Governor PIERPONT as the most prominent representative of the class of white men, who are at this time washing the foul linen of the mongrels with the greatest zeal and zest." Of the Republican Convention and its resolutions and address, the following is its opinion, in general: "Even if the character of the Convention which framed this address did not preclude the possibility of its containing a line or sentence, which decent men could approve, the very doctrines which it proclaims, are insulting and abhorrent to our people." Among the specifications are these, that the address makes it a principal object to "blacken and dishonor the memory of the short-lived Confederacy," and to "hold up those who supported it as monsters of iniquity, cruelty and treason;" and as samples of the "hideous slanders" of the Address, this is adduced—"It declares that we practised the most brutal and cruel inhumanities towards Federal prisoners." The address is alleged to aim at leading the people of Virginia "to the confession of a crime for having aided the Confederacy," and to the admission that they were "aiders and abettors of a savage and unchristian war." These few extracts will give our readers an idea of the character both of the Address and of the opposition to it, and show that the former embodies the common Republican sentiments, and that the latter is about what might be expected, both in matter and style, from the source whence it comes.

Politics in Pennsylvania appears like a gentle dove compared with the vulture screamings in Virginia, and the fiercest and foolishest utterances of the Democratic press here are love talks beside those of their cousins in the Old Dominion. Yet, down there, they are models of meekness in the way of submission to "the Government which conquered them," they say, and are pre-eminently willing to obey the laws of the United States. But they will not "indorse the shameless lie that they are Catalines and traitors," and will never admit that UNDERWOOD, PIERPONT and BOTTS were patriots, nor apply the name of traitor to such men, in the late war, as LEE, JACKSON or JUBAL EARLY. They are, of course, welcome to the comfort they may draw from their sentiments. But it is clear, from their anger and distress, that they have only slight hopes, if any, of success against the Radicals in the election. Although the registry shows a large majority of white over negro voters, this does not seem to inspire them with courage. Their fears and their fight are directed chiefly toward the white Republicans.

THE POST AND THE CONVENTION TO-DAY.

The Democratic County Convention meets to-day. It is understood to be for the purpose of catching a sufficient number of persons to stand as candidates for office. The Democratic organ does not appear to be sanguine of success even thus far. With remarkable simplicity and more than its usual amount of candor, the *Post* betrays its despondency in the very tone in which it expresses its hopes. "We hear," it says, "of no one pressing for place, but we hope sincerely, good men will allow the use of their names in connection with every office, however unimportant."

This is an affecting condition, truly, for a party that sometimes has so many great things to say for itself. It cannot but be satisfied with the piteousness of its organ's appeal, which graphically exhibits the party as stretching out its suppliant hands, with the importunate cry, "Only your names, good Leaders, just allow your names to be used, the party wants your names—only till October—then you can have them back again for your own private and exclusive use." It will be understood, then, that according to the *Post*, of yesterday, the candidates who may be named to-day offer *themselves*, and have not been fixed on by any previous indication of the wish of the party. It will also be perceived that the programme of the *Post* does not contemplate their election, but only their nomination in order to show abroad that the leaders here are not quite dead, though utterly despairing. From a moral stand point, we may add, the *Post*'s exhibition is highly creditable to the Democracy, which has rarely presented such signal marks of goodness. "No one pressing for place," demonstrates a surprising repression of ambitious aspirations. And no one is appealed to, in the almost religious exhortation of the *Post*, but "good men"—none of your rowdy fellows, none of your TOM CALIBANS, but good men; and besides, the appeal is made on the basis of disinterested benevolence, by which the good name of the candidates is to be voluntarily sacrificed to restore the good name of the Democracy.

The Magazines.

For Harper, Godey and other Magazines for September, we are under obligations to Miner, Pittock and Gildenfenney.

A NEW steamship line between Richmond and New York has been projected. The capital will be furnished by Richmond merchants, who will have the management of the line. The charges of the old line are complained of as exorbitant.

THE Baltimore *Commercial* is showing that city is a cheap place for a residence, on account of the low price of food and rent. It says a large number of dwellings have been built and many more are going up, in which respect the citizens manifest good sense and promote their interests.

THE life of Jefferson Davis is to be written, and a Richmond gentleman lately visited him in Montreal with the view of commencing the undertaking. Unless he chooses to add some chapters of confessions, such a book would be useless, for no man's life and actions were ever more thoroughly understood than are those of Davis by his countrymen.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Cincinnati *Commercial* proposes the following comprehensive programme:

> "Here with I inclose you a plan whereby Edwin M. Stanton may become President of these United States. Such a bit of poetic justice would thrill the heart of every true lover of his country. Let Cameron resign as the Governor of Pennsylvania, appoint Stanton to fill the vacancy, Wade resign his position in the Senate, Elect Stanton presiding officer. Then Cameron can present impeachment papers against Johnson. For the Senate must have Stanton become President. Cameron can be appointed, and Wade re-elected as presiding officer of the Senate. Justice is satisfied—the nation triumphant."

POLITICAL COMBINATIONS AT BALTIMORE.—It is now asserted in Baltimore, on good authority, that those at present holding office in city and State, including Mayor Chapman and all municipal officers, will protest against the legality and constitutionality of the existing Constitutional Convention, and will refuse to surrender their positions, even though the new Constitution is ratified, and others are elected to their places. They intend contesting their rights in the courts; so there are political breakers ahead.

A LETTER from Vichy says: "The King of Sweden, Charles XV., lives here in the strictest incognito, under the name of Count de Beckasdog; he resides in the Emperor's villa, the interior of which M. Lefaure, the architect, has arranged to suit His Majesty's convenience. He has in attendance his private physician, M. Lundberg and Doctors Alquie and Willemin, First and Second Inspectors of the Baths. The King is fond of the theater, and goes there every evening. With that exception his life is singularly retired. He is said to be well versed in music, himself writing words to the melodies which he composes."

A PHILADELPHIA paper calls attention to the fact that on the long line of Jersey coast exist the means of obtaining a vast quantity of salt, and that all that is necessary to create a large and extensive trade is the application of capital and enterprise. Even now, it is said, a very fair quality of common salt is made at the Atlantic City works, about equal to the article imported from Turk's Island, and just as available for use in the refineries in Philadelphia, of which we have a number. It is maintained that it would be a very easy matter to become free of New York salt monopoly, and build up a new, extensive and profitable trade.

NOTWITHSTANDING a large number of soldiers in Prussia have been dismissed to their homes, the Augsburg *Gazette* maintains "this pacific attitude is very deceptive." "Never," says that authority, "has there been so great an activity in the military factories, and in all the arsenals. Everything is arranged in such a manner that the Prussian army could at once enter upon a campaign, should that become necessary. At Somverda, where the first needle guns were manufactured, as well as at Spandau, and at Suhl, the work goes on unceasingly. Prussia is at this moment in a position to arm with rifles of a new and perfect construction not only the whole of the infantry of the Northern Confederation, but also the first ban of the landwehr, and if necessary, the second."

"PRESIDENT" ROBERTS, the Fenian Head-Center, has returned from his European tour. A certain mystery is kept up concerning his movements and intentions more amusing than impressive. Here, for instance, we are informed that "while sojourning in Paris Colonel Roberts paid several visits to certain places near that city, and held important interviews with leading men of all parties, meeting with great encouragement. In answer to the question whether he had seen and conversed with the Emperor of the French, he declined to give any information." It is certainly very considerate in the "President" not to run the risk of ruining the Emperor by disclosing the fact the two met. From Paris, he went over the Continent, visited all the revolutionary points, and the mysterious intimation is thrown out again that a purchase was rigged for blowing up half the world skyward.

NEW YORK—and perhaps it is not alone—is a city of mighty potentates. The majesty of the Law is becoming a second rate power, if accounts are true. In view of certain facts recently developed, a journal, the *Sun*, of last Monday morning says:

> "Taking all the facts together, in connection with the attempt to suppress gambling in this city, it cannot be denied that the gambling influence is stronger than the law, as at present administered by some of our police justices."

Similar concessions have been made on other occasions, to the majesty of drunkenness and its august court of procurers and supporters. The conclusion drawn from the premises by the *Sun* is legitimate and alarming—"such a condition of things is a disgrace to the judiciary," and it might have added, a danger to the people. The only reason assigned for the maladministration of some of the Police Justices is, that they feared the political influence of the gambling fraternity.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Two thousand dollars' worth of bottled Congress water is sold daily at Saratoga, and about an equal value of something stronger. The sales of liquors at one bar, last season, were over $42,000, on which the profit was fifty per cent.

The California papers, which used to have their "clippings" for the overland mail done at St. Louis, thereby giving St. Louis the credit of latest overland mail dates, now have their news envelopes filled at Chicago. The Sacramento *Union* of July 20th has Chicago mail dates of the 9th. The service employs about half a dozen paid agents in Chicago, representing each of the prominent papers of the Pacific Coast.

The Handy Opera House, at Cincinnati, is rapidly approaching to the second story. As the work is developed, the ample and elegant proportion and symmetry of the stage and auditorium are apparent.

During the time the Surratt jury were deliberating upon a verdict not a vote was changed from one side to the other after the first ballot, when they stood eight for not guilty and four for guilty. Those jurors who favored the acquittal of the prisoner admitted that he was guilty of participation in the conspiracy, but did not believe he was present in Washington on the day of the assassination.

There has been some alarm in New York on account of what appeared to be cholera cases. They turn out, however, to have been but cholera morbus, and the excitement has subsided.

With regard to Abyssinia, the English Government seems to have adopted a plan of military attack to compel King Theodore to release his captives. The Sepoys from India are to be employed for the purpose, and Sir William Stavely, a British officer at Poona, it is said will probably have command of the forces.

The Michigan Constitutional Convention, on Saturday, decided to submit separately to the people an absolute prohibition of the sale of liquor. An attempt to secure the submission of the alternatives of restriction and prohibition failed by a vote of forty-two to thirty-five.

An Australian paper, the *Maryborough Advertiser*, states that the neighborhood of Havelock has been visited, after a heavy rain, by clouds of flying ants, which have been devoured in great numbers by the fowls, but the insects, not being killed by the swallowing, have eaten their way through the birds' crops, and caused their death. This was not credited at first, but *post mortem* examinations have shown the insects alive in the ruptured crops, or crawling out of the dead birds' throats.

Salem, Mass., is a wealthy city. Its total valuation is more than $21,000,000, but nearly $2,000,000 of that is returned to the Tax Commissioner. The valuation of the Assessors is $10,756,800 in personal property, and $8,480,900 in real estate, making a total of $19,237,700.

The damage inflicted on the peach crop by the storm will probably prove to many housekeepers one of its most serious effects. The Wilmington (Del.) *Gazette* says a gentleman in that city, who has large orchards, estimates that he will lose four thousand baskets. But increased prices are expected to console the owners of orchards for the destruction of a portion of their crops.

PERSONAL.

—The name of Bishop Dupanloup, of Orleans, France, has been mentioned as the successor of the present Pope. The French Government would support his claim, but for three hundred years no one has been chosen to the office who was not a cardinal and an Italian.

—James A. Cutting, inventor of the ambrotype, died last week in the Worcester Insane Asylum. He made many thousands of dollars out of his discovery, but spent his income in an extravagant, experimental manner, and finally went mad. His aquarium is now at Barnum's.

—Among the bits of private habit of which we get a glimpse, one is Victoria's practice of carrying about with her at all times, and wherever she may go, a certain album which belonged to her husband. In one of her notes, she says she never speaks, even now, of "my children," but of "our children." Portable appears to be usually covered with pictures and photographs of the Prince. She cannot hear a nightingale "without fancying she hears him, and without the deepest, saddest emotion."

—A Paris letter reports that M. Debranz de Saldapenna, of the *Memorial Diplomatique*, is left literary executor to Maximilian, and is about to publish a biography of his brief life. M. de Saldapenna had already begun the work before the arrangement of Miramar was concluded, and he has recently received documents which will materially lead him to the end of the life of the Prince.

—In regard to the controversy as to what Judge Chase is worth, and was worth before the war, Mr. John Masters, of No. 8 East Third street, Cincinnati, who has been in charge of the Judge's real estate in that city for the past ten years, says that Mr. Chase owned in the county, at the beginning of the war, real estate to the value of over $100,000, and that during the last few years he has disposed of a considerable amount, but that he still owns, at present prices, nearly $100,000 worth of property in Hamilton county, Ohio.

—A letter dated Bellefonte the 16th, says: Much anxiety is felt here just now respecting the health of the ex-Governor's wife. Mrs. Curtin has been extremely ill from the effects remittent fever, and is not yet considered out of danger. Eminent physicians of Bellefonte and from Philadelphia are attending her.

—The latest extravaganza about Maggie Mitchell is that she was engaged to be married to Robert Henry Hendershott, the "drummer boy of the Rappahannock," and gave up her trip to Palestine and the East because of his elopement and marriage with a Poughkeepsie, New York, girl.

—Thalberg, the celebrated pianist, is at present in Paris. It may not be generally known that he has obtained honorable mention at the Exhibition for his wines of Posilippo, near Naples, and that the vines which produce them were planted there by Lablanche, his father in-law, from cuttings obtained in Burgundy.

—M. Berthemy, the French Minister, is engaged to marry a Washington widow, and will retire from diplomatic service next spring. M. De Perriotte, his first Secretary of Legation, has also formed an engagement of a similar character with another Washington lady.

—The Newark *Courier* says this: Beecher is writing a five-act play, they say, for Edwin Booth's new theater. It is founded on "My Novel."

WEST VIRGINIA ITEMS.

A camp meeting under the auspices of the Methodist Episcopal Church, is to be held on the Castleman's camp ground, near Bethany, commencing on the 29th inst.

The population of Clarksburg is stated to be 1,618—1,399 whites, of whom 714 are females, and 219 colored.

Mrs. Maria Patterson, consort of Robert Patterson, of Springfield, Hampshire county, died suddenly on Friday night last, from the effect of sudden alarm, caused by the cry of fire.

The corner stone of the Southern Methodist Church, to be erected in Clarksburg, was laid on Thursday last with imposing Masonic ceremonies. The procession was quite large, a number of visiting members from distant lodges being present and participating in the ceremonies.

The new United Brethren Church, which is now drawing near to completion, in North Martinsburg, will be dedicated to the service of the Lord, on the 30th day of August. Bishop Glossbrenner, will conduct the dedicatory services, assisted by Rev. Lower, the pastor in charge.

The corner-stone of the Church to be erected in Charleston by the colored people, will be laid by the Masonic order, that body having been invited and consented so to do. The day fixed upon is Saturday, August 31st.

The Ritchie *Press* says: Some malicious individuals in order to avenge themselves of some imaginary wrong, visited the premises of Mr. T. D. Gorrell, in Pleasants county, near Hebron, and after burning all the grain standing out, including some two hundred shocks of wheat, &c., proceeded to peel some two hundred young apple trees hanging full of fruit. Mr. Gorrell had his barn burned during the rebellion.

The Kanawha *Republican* says: We are pained to learn that Dr. W. E. McKim, of Peytona, committed suicide on Saturday last, by taking laudanum and chloroform. There is no cause assigned for this act. He left a note stating that he committed the deed of his own free will, and hoped God would forgive him. He leaves a wife and child, who have the sympathy of the entire community.

Harper's Ferry is excited over the question of organizing under the new Township Law of West Virginia, and the people thereof are greatly exercised about a market house.

A PENNSYLVANIA COLLEGE.—Mr. William Anderson, of Philadelphia, has contributed $10,000 to Lafayette College, located at Easton, Pennsylvania, of which Rev. William C. Cattell, D. D. (brother of the New Jersey Senator,) is President. The College has recently received a permanent invested endowment of $200,000, and it is now proposed to solicit its friends to increase the endowment to $400,000. President Cattell, at the recent Commencement, said that he had already received subscriptions to the amount of $100,000. There is little doubt that the endowment will be raised to $400,000.

SINCE General Grant became Acting Secretary of War, the New York *Tribune* has been continually shedding tears over Secretary Stanton. No newspaper in the country has vilified the Secretary more foully in times past, than the New York *Tribune*. Its attacks upon him have been of that peculiar Joab-like character for which Mr. Greeley is distinguished. The sudden sympathy for Mr. Stanton which has come over H. G. is entirely of the crocodile order.—*Chicago Tribune*.

OHIO ITEMS.

A grape grower in the Miami Valley says he stopped the rot in his grapes by stripping the leaves away from the bunches, so they could get sunshine and air.

On account of the dry weather there will not be half a crop of tobacco in Montgomery county.

The Clarke county fair will open at Springfield, September 10, and the Warren county fair at Lebanon, on the 11th.

Arthur Johnson, the young villain who murdered the little girl Emma Knelsly, at Fairfield, Montgomery county, has been committed for trial. There does not seem to be any doubt of his guilt, but as to his responsibility there is some question, it being alleged that he is of unsound mind.

Wm. Richardson, of Paulding county, Ohio, is one hundred and four years old. "He is the survivor of five wives, and is now living with the sixth. He is the father of twenty-five children by two of his wives—twenty-one are living.

There is to be a Horse Fair at Ironton, "open to the world," Thursday and Friday of this week—22d and 23d. Various premiums are offered. The track is one-half mile, and equal to any in the State. It is to be held under the auspices of the Lawrence County Agricultural Society.

James Summons, who poisoned his father's entire family, at Cincinnati, thirteen years ago, causing the death of two persons, and who was sentenced to be hanged, but was subsequently sent to the Penitentiary for life, has just been pardoned by Governor Cox. Summons has been in prison for eleven years.

Robert Kerr, of Marion county, a few days since, made a bequest, to take effect at his decease, of fifty thousand dollars, to Hiram College. Mr. Kerr is a native of Mifflin county, Pa., and is now in his fiftieth year.

A new paper made its appearance in Steubenville on Saturday, called the *Daily Gazette*. It is published by Charles N. Allen, is Democratic in politics, handsomely printed, and its columns are filled with the latest news.

Rev. C. L. Vance, the "Boy Preacher," who created quite a sensation in Steubenville last winter, and was subsequently dismissed from the Methodist Church for dishonest practices, has turned up in Tennessee as the vender of "Life Drops."

The Wellsville *Union* says: The fish in the North Fork of Yellow Creek are dying by the million, causing quite a stench in many places. It is thought to be caused by the mineral water from the coal veins at Salineville and other places along the creek being washed into the creek by the recent rains.

The Commissioners at their session last week granted the petition of the citizens of Dover asking for a charter of incorporation. The boundaries as agreed upon by the Commissioners embraces the rolling mill and the land lying in the triangle formed by the railroad track. It is stated that the rolling mill company are about to appeal to the court, and that a quo-tion will arise as to the validity of the old act of incorporation.

The new M. E. church edifice at New Philadelphia will be dedicated on Sunday next, Bishop Simpson preaching the dedicatory sermon.

The population of Pomeroy, and adjacent villages, lying along the Ohio river, is estimated at 12,000, and the amount of taxable property is set down at $6,000,000. Pomeroy is the great coaling port between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, and with its six neighboring towns, all of which are separated only by imaginary lines, is a prosperous town. There are in these several places not less than eighty first-class dry goods, drug, hardware and grocery stores, and a like number of saloons and restaurants. In addition to seven salt furnaces, there are, in the way of manufactories, a respectable number of rolling, planing, churning, saw and woolen mills, carriage and agricultural machine shops and extensive boat yards. A large nail factory is approaching completion, and will be a valuable contribution to the industry of the locality.

Up to Saturday last there have been sixty-four cases of bankruptcy in the Northern District of Ohio.

The Toledo *Blade* proposes a Base Ball Tournament at that place for clubs from Indiana, Michigan, Illinois and Ohio.

The Sandusky *Register* publishes a list of 128 new buildings in process of erection in that city. The estimated cost of these improvements is $350,000.

The Tiffin *Tribune* says from present indications it is safe to predict that the corn crop in Seneca county will not average over half the usual yield. On the uplands it will probably not produce more than five to ten bushels to the acre. This is also the case in many of the best corn growing districts of the State.

The editor of the Sandusky *Register* says that from a tour through the grape region he is satisfied there will be a good yield of grapes, though there will be a considerable loss on account of rot. On account of the favorable character of the winter the vines were at first overloaded and can bear a loss. Upon hard time clay lands there is but little rot, and where this variety of land is drained, none whatever was observed.

In Bowling Green, Wood county, Ohio, on Thursday, Hiram A. Donaldson stabbed his son Thomas, aged twenty-one, killing him instantly. Donaldson's wife had left him some time before, and returned on the day named to his house, in his absence, to get some articles for housekeeping. She had got the things in a wagon and was about leaving, when the husband appeared, and proceeded to take the horses from the vehicle. His son remonstrating, the old savage, in his fury, stabbed him in the first pit penetrating the son's heart, and several other ones being afterwards inflicted.

THE Albany *Argus* of Thursday makes the following interesting statement: Masses of gelatinous matter, containing minute granules arranged in it with some regularity, were found in the streets yesterday morning. A bowl through a microscope, the small brick colored bodies appear somewhat of the shape of grains of wheat, and the gelatinous matter seemed to be connected to each one as a separate covering. They were apparently separate cells, very uniform in size, being 1-120 of an inch long, and 1-250 of an inch wide. While granular particles from which they derive their color. The gelatinous envelope and their appearance, gave them at first somewhat the character of the single celled protophytes, resembling most the palmoglœa, one of the humblest kinds of vegetation.

INTELLIGENCE has been received at Omaha of a great battle in the neighborhood of Plum Creek, between 500 Sioux and 200 Pawnee scouts, lasting six hours. The Sioux were routed with great loss. The scouts have been reinforced by United States soldiers. The Sioux are rallying south of the Platte river, and making preparations for persistent warfare.

All the settlers at Big Creek have been driven from there and their goods confiscated by the military. The reason assigned is that they had no United States license. Mr. Chane's train was attacked by Indians on the Santa Fe road, thirty miles from Fort Harker, and five mules were captured.

MEDICINAL LIQUORS.

GET A PURE ARTICLE.

Fine French Brandy, O. D. & Co.
Pure Blackberry Brandy.
Pure Blackberry Wine.
Pure Old Rye Whisky.
Fine Old Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.
Old Holland Gin.
Pure Jamaica Rum.

This is the season when a pure article of liquor should be kept in every family, as we do not know at what time of the night it may be needed. Our liquors are selected with the utmost care and in some of them the quality are specially adapted to the wants of invalids.

McCLARRAN & McKENNAN, Druggists,
85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth.

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY,

The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy,
The World's Great Remedy.

Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and
All Diseases of the Stomach and Bowels:
Not a Beverage, but a Medicine.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail.
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail.
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail.
Cures Dyspepsia Without Fail.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Indigestion in Every Case.
Cures Indigestion in Every Case.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Weakness and Debility.
Cures Weakness and Debility.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Sick Headache.
Cures Sick Headache.
Cures Nausea at Stomach.
Cures Nausea at Stomach.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Cramps, Pains and Colic.
Cures Cramps, Pains and Colic.
In Either Stomach or Bowels,
Cures Acidity of Stomach.
Cures Acidity of Stomach,
In either Old or Young.
Good alike for the Infant and the Aged.

Coe's Dyspepsia Cure
Cures Cholera Morbus.
Cures Cholera Morbus.

In this most aggravating disease its action is positive and immediate. Its contents act like magic. Diarrhœa, Dysentery and all other similar derangements yield at once to its power.

This is nothing like preparation, got up to exhilarate and then leave one's difficulties in the mazes of intoxicating excitement.

☞ Sole Agent for Pittsburgh and vicinity.

JOS. FLEMING, Druggist,
No. 84 MARKET STREET.

A SUPERINTENDENT WANTED—

To purchase one-third interest in a large Rolling Mill in a Western city. First-class establishment, complete, and now in full operation—having a large trade and doing a successful business; salary large. To a practical manager, with some means, a connection with responsible partners is presented that for stable him to offer an interest "in one year. For particulars apply to JACOB WEAVER, Jr., & CO., No. 185 Clair street.

TEACHERS WANTED.

The School Board of Mifflin Township wish to employ Thirteen Teachers to open on the 1st Monday of September. Length of Term, Five Months. Wages $45 for all who have No. 1 Certificates, and $40 for No. 2. Apply to Dr. BLACKBURN, near the Six Mile Ferry.

JAMES EVANS, Jr., Sec'y.
ws

MANUFACTURERS ALL OVER

the world prefer and recommend the

GROVER & BAKER

No. 1 and No. 9 MACHINES, as the best for their purposes. Call and examine them at

NO. 108 FIFTH STREET

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD,

THE WESTERN HALF OF THE

Great National Trunk Line Across the Continent,

Being constructed with the AID AND SUPERVISION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT, is confessedly the one of the most important and valuable Railroads in the world, as it is the sole link of communication between the Pacific Coast and the Great Interior Basin, and the

Principal Portion of the Main Stem Line between the Two Oceans.

The present western terminus is at Sacramento, on the navigable waters of the Pacific; but it will ultimately extend from San Francisco across the richest and most populous parts of California, Nevada and Utah, contiguous to all the great Mining Regions of the Far West. The Company are authorized to continue their Line eastward until it shall meet with the roads now building east of the Rocky Mountain Ranges.

Assuming that they will build and control half the entire distance between San Francisco and the Missouri river, as now seems probable, the United States will have invested in the completion of 865 miles $28,502,500, or at the average rate of $33,000 per mile—not including an absolute grant of 10,000,000 Acres of the Public Lands. By becoming a joint investor in the magnificent enterprise, and by waiving its first lien in favor of the First Mortgage Bondholders, the General Government, in effect, invites the co-operation of private capitalists, and has carefully guarded their interests against all ordinary contingencies.

The Central Pacific Railroad enjoys all the privileges, grants and subsidies conferred by the Acts of Congress upon the other parts of the through line, and has, in addition, several special, exclusive advantages applicable only to the Western Half.

I. The company has received from the State and chief office of California, assistance in money, credit and valuable property, worth over $3,000,000 in gold, in addition to the full benefit of the Government subsidy.

II. The hardest and costliest part of its construction has been successfully overcome within the first 150 miles. In a few weeks the track will be completed entirely across the Sierra Nevada, after which progress to Salt Lake will be easy and rapid.

III. The local business along this road establishes its complete financial success. Independently of the vast through traffic which must pass over it. The gross earnings for the months of June and July, upon the 94 miles then open for business, were upwards of $297,000 in gold; of which four-fifths were net earnings.

IV. It can have no competition, but will carry, besides its own lucrative local traffic, the whole volume of through business which is shared among the Eastern connections and its branches.

V. The road lies wholly in territory yielding the precious metals, and its revenues are collected in coin. Its rates for transportation are very advantageous, being more than three times those of roads in the East of it; and the ratio of operating expenses is less than 25 per cent. of the gross earnings.

VI. In consequence of the aid it receives from the General Government, from the State of California, and from municipal corporations, the annual interest obligations which the Company are called upon to assume are very light. The net earnings upon an average of about 75 miles, in 1865, were more than three times the amount of annual interest liabilities to be assumed in building it, and were $223,000 more than the annual interest on the entire amount of First Mortgage Bonds which the Company can issue on the first 150 miles.

The Company offer for sale, through us, their

First Mortgage Thirty Year, Six Per Cent. Coupon Bonds,

Principal and interest payable in Gold Coin, in New York city. They are in sums of $1,000 each, with semi-annual gold coupons attached, and are selling at the present at 95 per cent. and accrued interest from July 1st added, in currency, at which rate they yield nearly

Nine per Cent. upon the Investment.

The Bonds, authorized by Act of Congress, are issued only as the work progresses, and to the same amount only as the Bonds granted by the Government and represent, in all cases, the first lien upon a completed, equipped and productive railroad, in which have been invested Government Bonds, stock subscriptions, donations, surplus earnings, &c., and which is worth more than three times the amount of First Mortgage Bonds which can be issued upon it.

The agreement of this Company to pay principal and interest of their Bonds in gold, is similar to that the Sperry Contract Law of California, authorizing and enforcing contracts to pay gold. It is legally binding, while similar agreements made by companies in States where no such legislative sanction exists, is of little importance, as the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in the case of the Central Pacific Company offer an unusual degree of safety and protection to investors.

The First Mortgage Bonds of this Company are designated by the government as "FIRST MORTGAGE CLASS SIX SECURITIES in the money market of this country and Europe, and have already been largely sought for, and anxiously dealt in hereafter, as rapidly as their merits, as a safe and sure 6 per cent. investment, become known, and as the parties who are now offered.

Having carefully investigated the resources, progress and prospects of the road, and the management of the company's affairs, we cordially recommend these Bonds to Trustees, Executors, Institutions and others, as an eminently sound, reliable and remunerative form of permanent investment.

Conversions of Government Securities

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CENTRAL PACIFIC FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

now realize for the holders about

TWELVE PER CENT. ADVANTAGE,

with the same rate of interest.

For sale by Banks and Bankers generally, of whom descriptive Pamphlets and Maps can be obtained, and by

FISK & HATCH,

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GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

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PROSPECTUS

OF THE

"ECLIPSE"

PETROLEUM REFINING CO.

OF PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - $500,000.
5,000 SHARES, $100 EACH.

This Company is to be organized to manufacture Petroleum Illuminating Oil under patents granted to Dr. HERBERT W. V. TWEEDLE.

The Patents, Works, Grounds, etc., become the exclusive property of the Company.

The property on which the "Eclipse" Oil Refining Works are constructed, adjoins the Sharpsburg Bridge, and consists of five or six Acres. It presents a frontage on the Allegheny river of about five hundred feet. There is always deep water at this point even at the lowest stage of the river, and there is a safe harbor from ice during the winter. The Allegheny Valley Railway passes directly in front of the Works on the bank of the river. The Citizens' Passenger Railway has its *terminus* at the Works. The Sharpsburg Bridge crosses the Allegheny river opposite the Works. The Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railway Company has created a station, spacious freight houses, etc.

The Works when completed are designed to refine one thousand barrels of oil per diem.

The following are a few of the advantages resulting from Dr. Tweedle's new process:

The business is entirely divested of all its present dangerous and hazardous character. No fire is used in any branch of the manufacture, but the only agent employed.

The use of acid and alkalies are entirely dispensed with, and the oil produced is made better and purer without them. Besides, the fire test made by the city by this process and the oil a safer illuminator, and almost odorless.

The whole apparatus is under the control of one operator, and for every one hundred or one thousand barrels of oil per day are manufactured. The duty of this operator consists in the opening and closing of a few valves. There is no tar or coke to be cleaned out, and the apparatus can be started and stopped in a few seconds, thus entirely doing away with the necessity of working on the Sabbath day.

There is no land offer generated in the manufacture of oil by this process, and no destruction to the apparatus. All the products are utilized as a fuel, and the residuum converted into lubricating oil equal in all respects to that from West Virginia and Ohio.

By this process oil can be produced at a cost of one dollar per barrel less than by any other in use, and at the same time a greater percentage is obtained. Less amount of capital is required to carry on the business, for the reason that the crude material is so rapidly and entirely transformed into the marketable product. There are many additional facts which the operation of manufacturing oil by this process will demonstrate to the observer and which are not enumerated here.

The Northern Liberties Refinery now constructed by Dr. Tweedle in this vicinity. They have amongst them one large and most valuable number of the Petrona, Excelsior, Brilliant, Eagle, Pearl, &c., &c., brands, the one worthy of the Standard, &c., and will bring the best efforts of his experience to make it complete and satisfactory to the stockholders.

Only One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars worth of the Capital Stock of the Eclipse Petroleum Refining Co. will be disposed of.

The Books are now open at the office of

S. M. KIER & CO.,

NO. 359 LIBERTY ST.,

NEAR THE UNION RAILWAY DEPOT.

Specimens of the products can be examined and compared with those by the old process at S. M

Daily Commercial

THE DOG-DAYS.

BY JOSH BILLINGS.

...ple are sillier in these terrible days, ...ning sun upon the earth is pelting ...rmest, dirtiest, hottest rays, ...ything is melting.

...Intimate, fan the stagnant air, ...ease to cool their inward glowing, ...ch stroke, in dolorous despair, ...el the fervor growing!

...and lathy and a fate as hard ...s dirty, they burn like any tinder, ...the solar breeze, till withered, charr'd, ...lsped away to cinder!

...le lolling in the deepest shade, ...ps are all a wallow in the gutter, ...a household creature—cat or maid— ...rculous matters!

...dies now are in the "smelting mood," ...estial check are most unseemly bold, ...y none that girls the primest prude ...intensest hotness!

...readful, dreadful hot!" exclaims each one ...s awaking, sweltering, roasting neighbor, ...ngs his brow, and pants, as he had done ...herculean labor!

...ads who pass each other in the street, ..."good-mornows" when they come to- ...ther, ...horrid, horrid weather!"

...rudent mortals curb with strictest care ...ngrat curse—it seems the queerest puzzle, ...e Star rages, rabid through the air, ...not the slightest muzzle!

...re is wise and equal in his sway, ...or it seems to clash with human reason, ...e dogs will soon have had their day, ...men shall have a season!

THE INDIAN FAMINE.

illion and a Half of People Dead ...rvation and Disease—Horrible ...ite—Parents Devouring the Dead ...es of Their Children.

...alcutta correspondent of the London ...athers up the result of the terrible fam- ...ch visited Behar, Bengal and Ganjam, ...a Orissa, in 1866, and reports them

...Behar we have Mr. R. V. Cockerell's re- ...hich is very severe on the officials. For ...e we have a report by a young civilian in ...trict, admirably drawn up. In these two ...ces the famine raged only for four ...s, being worst in Behar in August, and ...nam in July. In Orissa it reached its ...um of intensity, judged of by the num- ...h October, 1866, or one year after the ...eaths from starvation, and after Mr. Bar- ...d in vain called for the importation of ...to Pooree.

...ing, then, the results of these three re- ...we find that the great famine of 1866 ...d the area of 77,413 square miles—nearly ...ge as that of Great Britain—and a popu- ...of 20,000,000. The deaths were 1,350,- ...I have added 150,000 for the hill districts ...sa, of which Mr. Campbell's commis- ...rofesses total ignorance, but which must ...suffered more terribly than the plains, for ...was no relief there, and hundreds poured ...salaore from the hills only to die. The ...nd population severely and intensely vis- ...famine were not quite half the above- ...Sonsa, Chota, Fagpore and Midnapore, for ...ce, the commission represent the famine ...vere" among a population of 1,848,646 ...ver an area of 7,173 square miles; and ...ntense" among 2,062,725 and over an area ...126 miles. Of the hill districts we know ...ng, and in Behar the famine was "in- ...over 9,280 square miles, in a population ...as dense as that of England. The Orissa ...ission accept the estimate of one-fourth ...e population dead as not too high, and of ...hth in Onota Nagpore. Of all other dis- ...the statement continually appears that ...mber of deaths given refers only those ...ded; that it is much too low, &c. On the ...e, if we add the unavoidable deaths this ...as the result of the starvation of last year, ...allow even for ordinary mortality, ...r we must estimate the number of ...ns in all Eastern India, in the tract ...nd going north from the coast, be- ...n the mouth of the Hoogly and Ganjam ...Nepaul border, *at not less than one million ...hundred thousand—half the population of Lon- ...or of all Scotland.* Fancy if Paris was de- ...lated. But the famine was as intense as it ...extensive. All the evidence shows this, ...the native evidence is peculiarly interest- ...The pictures drawn by Dr. Jackson and ...e Wauchope, of Baltimore, of the crowds ...avellings, the three hundred bodies a day ...e streets, the pestilential stench, the filth ...he hospitals, the starving falling into the ...r when they went to drink, from sheer de- ...y, and the skeletons which the commission- ...hemselves saw even at that late date, con- ...to make the Orissa famine more horrible ...all of which we have a record.

...or is the last element of horror wanting— ...nibalism. The hasty allusions in the evi- ...e to this are irresistible. We find Mr. ...missioner Ravenshaw telling a subordinate, ...letter avowedly written to prevent alarm, ...one man had been eating a dead body, but ...as "said to be" an idiot. The native dep- ...magistrate of Poote had a case reported to ...by his subordinates wordily—a Hindoo ...ooked the body of a child he had found in the river. A Cuttack deputy magistrate ...ats Mr. Ravenshaw's story of the idiot ...ibal. Most important of all, however, is ...testimony of the Rev. Mr. Miller, a mis- ...ary of Basalore. He says: "Nothing that ...ave ever read has enabled me to conceive ...ling equal to this famine. I have known ...nstance of the Hindoos eating dogs, or cats, ...ows; *but they did eat their own children when ...were dead.* I heard a well authenticated ...ance in which a mother and son were found ...g a dead child. I know of nothing to sur- ...s this famine either as to extent or se- ...ity."

...he largest number relieved daily was 175,634 ...ing the worst month in each case; of these ...,305 were fed daily in Orissa in October, ...,934 in Behar in August, and 8,000 in Gan- ...n July. Government in 1866 spent in re- ...and public works, or remitted of land tax ...6,834; while the Anglo-Indian public sub- ...ibed in cash, including the old relief fund, ...rt from the extensive daily charity in Cal- ...ta and the afflicted districts, £120,826. In ...present year Government will not escape ...r half a million sterling, and the public ...e already subscribed to the new fund £47,000. ...ay report, in passing, the astonishment ...ich has been expressed in India that Lord ...hy should be asked by an influential deputa- ...n to send the balance of the Lancashire ...d to the freedmen of the Southern States, ...n Orissa is in such a condition. England ...done nothing for it, and the mere addition ...a fund of £54,400. If that were sent back, it ...uld suffice for the permanent maintenance ...the orphans.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

☞ HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—DIZZINESS—HEADACHE—Who would with patience suffer the ...gs of excruciating headache—the gnawing stings ...indigestion, the sickening nausea of bile—the ...mor of shattered nerves, the broken and troubled ...ep, with the gradual constitutional decay from ...cess—when these evils may be avoided or perma- ...ntly cured by the agency of these invaluable ...medies. Sold by all druggists.

AMUSEMENTS.

...ITY BILL POSTER.

JAMES THACKERAY,

...DIAMOND ALLEY, OR 66 VIRGIN ALLEY. ...Merchants and others wishing large or small show ...ls posted in conspicuous place in this city, Alle- ...eny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended ...to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" ...ffice. I rent by the year the principal corners in the ...ity, and have the exclusive use of the same.

FURNITURE.

DAULER, CLOSE & CO.,

Practical Furniture Manufacturers.

Corner PENN and WAYNE STREETS. Con- ...tantly on hand a large assortment of elegant and ...fashionable FURNITURE. All our work is made by ...and and warranted. Orders promptly attended to.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

LADIES'

GOLD WATCHES,

A New and Handsome Lot of the Celebrated Makers,

PERRENOUD, JACOT AND ROGERS,

JUST RECEIVED BY

DUNSEATH & CO., Jewelers,

56 FIFTH STREET.

LISTS OF APPLICATIONS FOR LICENSES TO SELL LIQUORS, filed in the Clerk's Office, for the month of August, 1867:

J. R. Dickey, tavern, 1st ward, Pittsburgh; do
John Reland, tavern, 1st ward, do
George A. Grier, tavern, 1st ward, do
Fred. Schmidt, eating h., 1st ward, do
John Smith, tavern, 2d ward, do
Christ. Gottbold, eating h., 2d ward, do
Richard Reinemann, cat'g h., 2d ward, do
T. N. Miller, other goods, 3d ward, do
Michl McHenry, tavern, 3d ward, do
Christ. Weirung, tavern, 3d ward, do
Wm. Wagner, eating h., 3d ward, do
James Cox, other goods, 3d ward, do
Wm. Rueckheim, tavern, 4th ward, do
Wm. Carr & Co., oth. goods, 4th ward, do
S. M. Cunard & Co., other goods, 4th ward, do
Morris Collins, other goods, 5th ward, do
Michael Moran, tavern, 6th ward, do
Christ. Roth, tavern, 6th ward, do
E. B. Dierker, tavern 6th ward, do
Chas. J. Schelwine, eating h., 6th ward, do
Chas. Abel & Co., o. goods, 6th ward, do
F. Grobert, other goods, 6th ward, do
Jac. F. Stehl, other goods, 7th ward, do
H. Berkowitz, other goods, 8th ward, do
Wm. McNight, tavern, 9th ward, do
Jos. Rafferty, other goods, 9th ward, do
R. Mellon, tavern, 10th ward, do
Adam Bepler, tavern, 1st ward, Allegheny
A. P. Lavery, tavern, 1st ward, do
James M. Kirby, tavern, 2d ward, do
Charles Poshbinet, tavern, 2d ward, do
Carlo Dunglerty, eating h., 2d ward, do
Jos. Dunlop, tavern, 3d ward, do
Conrad Koch, tavern, 3d ward, do
Wm. Hilbish, tavern, 5th ward, do
E. F. Faulhaber, tavern, 4th ward, do
W. Rinarchaber, tavern, 5th ward, do
John Brose, tavern, 5th ward, do
Short & Feldbush, tavern, 5th ward, do
Daniel Gilg, tavern, 5th ward, do
John Rosenberger, tavern, 7th ward, do
John Schreiner, tavern, 7th ward, do
Thos. F. Jackson, eating h., borough of Birmingham
John Windstein, tavern, do
Jacob Kaub & Wood, o. goods, do
John D. Hosey, tavern, borough of Lawrenceville;
Thos. Dunn, tavern, do
Thos. Bar on, tavern, do
Samuel Byrne, tavern, borough of Mt. Washington;
James Seiler, tavern, do
Jacob Hoffman, tavern, borough Temperanceville;
T. J. Richardson, o. g., Baldwin township;
John Schaffner, tavern, Baldwin township;
Daniel Sowers, tavern, Hampton township;
Mathias Steinbrenner, tavern, Indiana township;
Mathias Steinbrenner, tavern, Liberty tp;
Peter Houghcastle, tavern, Liberty tp;
Peter Houghcastle, tavern, Mifflin township;
Henry Hardy, tavern, Mifflin township;
Lotan Wanker, tavern, Pine township;
Jacob Myers, tavern, Ross township;
Patrick Dailey, tavern, Robinson township;
Francis S. Hoefe, tavern, Sewickley, Clair township;
Martin Gerrity, tavern, do; do;
Joseph Gerrity, tavern, do; do;
Joseph McTiernan, tavern, do; do;
Jacob Mellinger, tavern, do; do;
John McGeough, other goods, Versailles tp;
Thomas Hood will sit at the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of August, 1867, at ...o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of hearing the ...objections, if any, to the granting of the above ...licenses, when and where all persons interested ...may attend.

JOHN G. BROWN, Clerk.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL, COAL.

DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,

Miners, Shippers and Dealers in

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Particular attention given to filling orders for FAMILY COAL, NUT COAL and SLACK, in connection with our Bituminous Coal Business we have added to it the sale of a SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF ANTHRACITE COAL, being sole Agents of the Penna. & Ohio Anthracite Coal Company in this place for the sale of their Coal. Orders for either of the above Coals left at our Office, 307 LIBERTY STREET, or sent through the Postoffice, will receive prompt attention.

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All parties desiring a supply of ANTHRACITE COAL can be supplied with the product of any of the following mines:

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Or LYKEN'S VALLEY,

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S. A. HATCH.....DAN. ABLE,
CHAS. E. MAURICE.....CHAS. M. ELLEARD,

HATCH, MAURICE & CO.,

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Foreign & Domestic Liquors

IN BOND AND FREE,

No. 218 Walnut St.,

ST. LOUIS, MO.

We have a United States Bonded Warehouse, and solicit shipments.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

Are now constructing a Railroad from

OMAHA, NEBRASKA,

Westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making with its connection an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offer a limited amount of their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

Having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest, payable on the first day of January and July, in the city of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

AT

Ninety Cents on the Dollar.

This road was completed from Omaha 305 miles west on the 1st of January, 1867, and is already equipped, and trains are regularly running over it. The Company has now on hand sufficient Iron, Ties, etc., to finish the remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done before the close of this year, and it is expected that the entire road will be in running order from Omaha to its western connection with the Central Pacific, now being rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during 1870.

Means of the Company.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government issues it six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company as the road is finished at the average rate of about $48,450 per mile, amounting to $44,208,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at the same time, which *by special Act of Congress are made a First Mortgage on the entire line*, the bonds of the United States, *being subordinate to them.*

The Government makes a donation of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, amounting to 20,034,000 estimated to be worth $30,000,000, making the total resources, exclusive of the capital, $118,410,000; but the full value of the lands cannot now be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one hundred million dollars, of which five millions have already be n paid in, and of which it is not supposed that more than twenty-five millions at most will be required.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engineers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclusive of equipment.

Prospects for Business.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the East is now complete, and the earnings of the Union Pacific on the sections already finished for the month of May were $261,784. These sectional earnings as the road progresses will much more than pay the interest on the Company's bonds, and the through business over the only line of railroad between the Atlantic and Pacific must be immense.

Value and Security of the Bonds.

The Company respectfully submit, that the above statement of facts fully demonstrates the security of their Bonds, and as additional proof they would suggest that the Bonds now offered are less than ten million dollars on 547 miles of road, on which over twenty million dollars have already been expended; on 339 miles of this road the cars are now running, and the remaining 187 miles are nearly completed.

At the present rate of premium on gold these Bonds pay an annual interest on the present cost of

Nine Per Cent.,

and it is believed that on the completion of the road, like the Government Bonds, they will go above par. The Company intend to sell but a limited amount at the present low rate and retain the right to advance the price at their option.

Subscriptions will be received in New York by the CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, No. 7 Nassau St, CLARK, DODGE & Co., Bankers, 51 Wall St., JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, 53 Wall St., and by BANKS AND BANKERS generally throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained. They will also be sent by mail from the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York, on application. Subscribers will select their own Agents in whom they have confidence, who alone will be responsible to them for the safe delivery of the Bonds.

JOHN J. CISCO.
TREASURER,
NEW YORK.

Subscriptions received in Pittsburgh by
EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK;
CITIZENS " "
GERMANIA " "
JAMES T. BRADY & CO., Bankers.
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In Banker's Patent 5 and 10 Gallon Cans.

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CHIMNEY TOPS, DRAIN and WATER PIPES.
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ENCAUSTIC TILE, plain and inlaid, every pattern for Floors, Halls, Vestibules, Hearths, &c.
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FEATHER DUSTERS,

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Of all kinds, at the House Furnishing Store of

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A full assortment of Eley's Caps, Wads, Cartridges and Ammunition, for sale by

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Large Stock of New Goods just opened at Still Lower Prices.

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MATTINGS,

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GREAT BARGAINS OFFERED IN

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Velvets, Brussels, Three Plies, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, &c., at a great Decline in Price.

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PRICES REDUCED

CARPETS,

Oil Cloths,
Mattings,
Window Shades,
Table Covers,
Piano Covers,
Rugs and Mats,
Stair Rods, &c.

In view of buying our FALL GOODS, we offer our stock at prices to suit the CLOSEST BUYERS. Those needing goods in our line cannot afford to pass us by.

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ALL WOOL INGRAINS Reduced 25 cents per yard.

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Good White and Red Checked CHINA MATTING, Reduced to 35 cts. per yard.

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HAVE NOW OPEN,

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A full Line of all New and Desirable Patter

MEDALLION VELVETS,
VELVETS, BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS,
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
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OIL BAIZES,
3-PLY AND 2-PLY INGRAINS

AND EVERY VARIETY OF

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One lot 10-4 Blankets,

AT 86 00, FORMERLY 88 75.

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GAUZE UNDERWEAR,
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SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS.

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By virtue of their Charter, and in Accordance with its Provisions, will distribute

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One Present worth $40,000.
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Two Presents worth $2,500 each.

And many other large presents, the whole amounting to

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For full schedule of Presents, see circulars, sent free on application. Each Certificate of Stock is accompanied with a

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WORTH MORE AT RETAIL THAN THE COST OF CERTIFICATE.

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Any person sending us ONE DOLLAR, or paying the same to our Local Agents, will receive, immediately a fine Steel Plate Engraving, at choice from the following list, and One Certificate of Stock, insuring One Present in the GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

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Any person who pays FIVE DOLLARS shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of

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The engravings and Certificates will be delivered to each subscriber at our Local Agencies, or sent by mail, post-paid, or express, as may be ordered.

How to Obtain Shares and Engravings.

Send orders to us by mail, enclosing from $1 to $20, either by Postoffice orders or in a registered letter, at our risk. Larger amounts should be sent by draft or express.

10 shares with Engravings.....$9 50
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Local Agents Wanted throughout the United States.

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE, situate at Riverside, Burlington county, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the children of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.

The Board of Trustees consists of the following well known citizens of Pennsylvania and New Jersey:

Hon. WILLIAM B. MANN, District Attorney, Philadelphia, Pa.
Hon. LEWIS R. BROOMALL, Ex-Chief Coiner U. S. Mint, and Recorder of Deeds, Philad'a., Pa.
Hon. JAMES M. SCOVEL, New Jersey.
Hon. W. W. WARE, New Jersey.
HENRY GORMAN, Esq., Agent Adams Express, Philadelphia, Pa.
J. E. COE, Esq., of Joy, Coe & Co., Philadelphia.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18, 1867.—Office of Internal Revenue.—Having received satisfactory evidence that the proceeds of the enterprise conducted by the Washington Library Company will be devoted to charitable uses, permission is hereby granted to said Company to conduct its enterprise exempt from all charge, whether from special tax or other duty.

E. A. ROLLINS, Commissioner.

The Association have appointed as Receivers, Messrs. GEORGE A. COOKE & CO., 33 South Third street, Philadelphia, whose well known integrity and business experience will be a sufficient guarantee that the enterprise intrusted to them will be promptly applied to the purpose stated.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., May 20, 1867.

To the Officers and Members of the Washington Library Co., U. S. A.:

HENRY MINER, Secretary.

Gentlemen—On receipt of your favor of the 15th inst., notifying me of our appointment as Receivers of your Company, we took the liberty to submit a copy of your Charter, with a plan of your enterprise, to eminent legal authority, and having received his favorable opinion in regard to its legality, and promulgating with the benevolent object of your Association, viz: the education and maintenance of the orphan children of our soldiers and sailors at the Riverside Institute, we have concluded to accept the trust, and to use our best efforts to promote so worthy an object. Respectfully, yours, &c.,

GEO. A. COOKE & CO.

Address all letters and orders to

GEO. A. COOKE & CO., Bankers,

33 South Third st., Philadelphia, Pa.

Receivers for the Washington Library Co.

HENRY MINER,

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FRUIT JARS, FRUIT JARS.

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Also, JARS FOR CORKS, and having a heavy stock on hand are prepared to fill all orders promptly, and call the attention of dealers and consumers to these facts.

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P. S.—Our Dalbey Jar, for cheapness, simplicity and reliability, surpasses all others in the market.

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BEST UNIONTOWN HYDRAULIC CEMENT,

Always on hand and for sale by

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The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

UNITED STATES COURT.

Conclusion of the Evidence in the Johnson Counterfeiting Case---Mr. Franklin's Good Character Testified to by Witnesses from Philadelphia---The Arguments to be Concluded this Morning.

There are now some prospects that the Johnson counterfeiting case, which has been on trial in the United States District Court for the past five days will soon be concluded, as the evidence has been closed. The following testimony was taken yesterday morning:

General John Ross, of Mifflin county, was called by the defense, and testified that Johnson's general reputation among his neighbors and the people in his vicinity was that of an honest man, and that he had assisted Johnson in business by lending him considerable sums of money.

ADDITIONAL REBUTTING EVIDENCE.

Geo. B. Hamilton, sworn—Reside in Philadelphia; came on the Philadelphia express train yesterday on business for the mercantile firm with which I am connected; am a neighbor of Franklin, and have known him many years; his reputation is good as far as I have known; never heard anything against his reputation; he was a Captain in the army; have known Mr. Franklin over six years at least, and never heard anything against his reputation for honesty; his character is unexceptionable.

Cross-examination—Am traveling for the firm of Felton, Rowe & Sibley, dealers in paints and varnishes.

Witness was here asked about the various persons with whom he had business, and after mentioning one or two, was asked by Mr. Howard to specify more. Mr. Francis Pentyman, of Tioga, Pa., testified that he resided in Philadelphia, and reached here yesterday afternoon; came in consequence of a letter received from Captain Franklin, and Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue in the First District; have been acquainted with Mr. Franklin about eighteen years, I think; am acquainted with Franklin's reputation for honesty, truth and veracity, and his reputation is good; have never heard it assailed; am acquainted with J. T. Hutchinson, the man who had an office under Franklin; was present when Hutchinson spoke of Mr. Johnson's case, both of this, to Franklin and myself; in May or towards the last of May heard Hutchinson approaching Franklin, advising him to make money out of this case; heard it on two occasions; remember distinctly; Hutchinson came to me at least twice, and said to me it was a great case that Franklin had up at Altoona, and he (Franklin) could make a great deal of money out of it; Franklin requested me to converse with whether Hutchinson had any such ideas, and I walked along Market street in company with Hutchinson, Mr. Franklin being a short distance behind; Hutchinson said to Franklin could make, three or four thousand dollars out of the case, and that he was a damned fool for not doing it; he said that at least six times; communicated this conversation to Mr. Franklin; was not subpœnaed as a witness until I received the telegram on Saturday evening. On the cross-examination the witness testified that he was at the Gibbons House in company with Franklin, Hutchinson and others the last of April or first of May.

Samuel Henderson, sworn—Reside in Philadelphia; have resided there for several years; am one of the detectives officers of that city; have known Mr. Franklin six or seven years; he went into the army as a Captain; have been keeping tavern since; have not had business with him, and never heard his reputation questioned; came in consequence of a telegram received in Philadelphia; have heard of an organization called the Schuylkill Rangers; don't know that they had any captain; believed every man went on his own hook; there used to be a gang consisting of rowdies, some of whom are in the Penitentiary.

Charles S. Smith, sworn—Reside in Philadelphia; came here in consequence of a telegram received from the Assistant District Attorney on Saturday; am a detective officer; have known Mr. Franklin for six or seven years; am acquainted with a great many people who know him; never heard his reputation for honesty questioned; know J. T. Hutchinson; became acquainted with him about three years ago; he came to me and said he had some business he would like to put into Mr. Franklin's hands; I introduced him to Mr. Franklin; knew nothing of Mr. Hutchinson at that time except that I saw him in the Western Hotel; he wanted to see Franklin about passing counterfeit money.

Mr. White showed the counterfeit money to Hutchinson; we left the room; left it in the hands of Franklin, who afterwards investigated it.

Sheriff Funk recalled by the defense: knew Hutchinson from 1852 to 1858, his reputation during that time was good.

On cross-examination stated that he knew nothing of Hutchinson's reputation since 1858.

The testimony in the case was now closed on both sides, and Mr. Moore, Assistant District Attorney, proceeded to address the jury on behalf of the United States.

REMARKS OF MR. MOORE.

Mr. Moore said that in order that the jury might properly consider the case he would call their attention to some of the general facts in relation to the business of counterfeiting, already brought out in the present session of the Court. It was necessary in carrying on the business of counterfeiting to have men, who had forfitted themselves with a good reputation, to carry on the important parts of the business. Those were necessary who had the reputation of "Uncle fellow well met" in the community, and there were many cases presented where respectable appearing persons had been brought up and convicted of this crime. The only line that the defense could ever assume in a case like this was to take the course that had usually been taken in this case—that of assailing the character of the witness on the part of the Government, and in the second endeavoring to uphold such a character on the part of the defendant as shall rebut that brought out.

The case on the part of the government depended chiefly upon the testimony of Franklin, and it had been clear, decisive and direct; and it had been corroborated in just as direct; and it was for the jury to determine, from a consideration of the testimony, where the probability rested; the most searching, and he might say malignant scrutiny had been made into Mr. Franklin's character, and he had come out of the trial unimpeached and unimpeachable; he had held places of honor and trust, and had he been any other than a worthy man, would not have been recommenced by Mr. Chandler.

Mr. Moore then proceeded to review the testimony, endeavoring to establish Mr. Franklin against the statements that had been made by the witness for the defense. He spoke nearly two hours, and at the close of his argument a short recess was taken, and Mr. Howard then addressed the jury on the part of the defense.

ARGUMENT OF MR. HOWARD.

Mr. Howard referred to the argument of Mr. Moore as being one of the most extraordinary arguments he had ever listened to. In his course he had always endeavored to try a case on its merits, subject to the testimony, the corroborated testimony—of the witness. He could not see how the testimony of Franklin could be at all admitted, uncorroborated as it was. How was the character of Franklin to be judged if not by those immediately connected with him in business?

Mr. Howard proceeded to review the testimony of Franklin relative to his doings in Altoona.

Whose fault was it that the cases presented in Philadelphia by Butts, Hoey, Hutchinson and others of Franklin's employees were not brought to trial? The speaker said because it was not their business but Franklin's to prosecute the charges.

The fact of McAteer's being absent and not brought in to testify in the case was spoken of, and it was alleged that Franklin did not want him here. In reference to the receipt from Butts he claimed that it only corroborated the statements of Butts, and demonstrated that his memory was rem rkably good.

The testimony of Jim Lindsey was spoken of and it was alleged by Mr. H. that this testimony could not be believed.

Mr. Franklin was spoken of as a scoundrel and a villain; and it was asserted that the testimony of the witness for the defense should be believed in preference to his. In conclusion, Mr. Howard said it was the duty of the jury to acquit Mr. Johnson and send him home to live the remainder of his life as he had previously lived—an honest man.

The Court then adjourned until this morning, when the arguments will be concluded and the case submitted to the jury.

The Case of Mr. Pierce---An Affidavit.

The case of Ira H. Pierce, Esq., who was charged, during the trial of Alfred Myers, the counterfeiter, with attempting to suborn a witness, attracted considerable attention at the time, and was extensively commented on by the members of the bar of this city. The Titusville *Herald* contains the following in reference to the matter:

"Ira H. Pierce, Esq., our City Attorney, who has won so unpleasant a notoriety in the trial of Alfred Myers, by the United States Court at Pittsburgh, arrived home on Saturday, and has placed in our hands a communication, accompanied by an affidavit of a government detective, which throws an entirely new light upon the performance. The articles show in substance that Mr. Pierce was a victim of a conspiracy concocted by Mr. Perrine for the purpose of convicting Myers. The articles were received at too late an hour for publication in this issue, but will appear in the *Herald* to-morrow."

The Race for the Championship.

Hamill is practicing daily on the Monongahela and Allegheny, in order to place himself in proper trim for the coming contest between himself and Walter Brown. His friends are enthusiastic in regard to his success, and are staking their funds liberally on the result. Yesterday Mr. Hamill received a letter from Joshua Ward, his former antagonist, tendering him the use of his boat house at Newburg, and offering to do all in his power to aid and assist him during his short sojourn on the Hudson. Mr. Hamill has signified his intention of accepting the generous offer, and will leave for Newburg on the 28th inst. He will be accompanied by a number of Pittsburghers who are anxious to witness the contest.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—The September number of this favorite monthly publication has been received at Gildenfenney's, 45 Fifth street, and at Pittock's opposite the Postoffice.

Enon Valley Camp Meeting.

ENON VALLEY CAMP GROUNDS, } August 19, 1867. }

The services of Saturday evening were conducted by Rev. R. J. White. The congregation was very large, and listened with great interest and attention to a discourse in which they were told of the "Balm in Gilead," and the physician there, and were exhorted to apply to Him that they "might be saved." At the close of the sermon several persons came forward to the altar, and a number were converted.

The Sabbath morning dawned in glorious beauty, and long before the time for service, the multitudes began to pour into the Camp. Buggies, carriages, wagons, vehicles of every description—they came, as well as the "horseman" no longer "solitary," winding their devious way among the forest trees, or seeking the friendly care of the "Corral," where for *a reasonable compensation* the omnific "quarter"—"*perfection for horses and buggy*," (the schoolmaster being abroad,) was afforded, as a sign-board informed the inquiring public. We note this as an important improvement and admirable arrangement, since even at this most orderly of Camp Meetings, it is said that a horse and its attached vehicle were missing, when the owner returned to the place where he had left it.

The morning services at 8½ o'clock were conducted by Rev. J. Horner, who briefly called attention to the "spirit's office" in reproving or convincing the world of sin, of righteousness and judgment—the sinner's duty—and the office of the Church in relation to the spirit's work, and the accompanying duty of the Church and purpose of God and Christ in establishing the Church.

At 10½, Rev. E. B. Snyder, of North Avenue, Allegheny City, was in the pulpit, and preached an effective and sustaining discourse to a congregation of nearly 3,000 persons—his theme being that expression of the risen Christ to Thomas, the doubter—in which he announced the blessedness of believing upon the unseen Christ.

At two P. M. Rev. J. J. McIlvaar addressed a congregation fully as numerous as that of the morning, and showed the people with an elucidation and meditation upon Paul's declaration, that there is but one "family of God in Heaven and on earth," and the shouts of praise unto God were heard from many voices.

At four P. M. Rev. S. Burt, of Centenary church, Pittsburgh, preached. His words, as "hail," sweeping away the "refuge of lies," and presenting truths of great power.

At 7½ P. M. Senator J. Graham proclaimed to an immense congregation "that the grace of God had appeared unto all men," and with his voice of pathos and power, urged them to "adorn the doctrine of God our Saviour in all things" that they should live righteously in this present world."

The prayer meeting at the close was a most exciting and powerful one, and very many were the penitents who found saving grace.

When you understand that in the intervals between these services prayer meetings were held, you will know that the time was fully occupied.

The day was propitious, and passed without any interruption of note, the order being unusually good, under the wise management and the precautions of the Presiding Elder, Rev. J. Williams, D. D.

We are sorry to say that an accident—the full consequences are at this place unknown—occurred about 4 P. M. to an aged lady, who was returning with her friends, was returning to her home near Mt. Jackson. She had just seated herself in a chair at the hinder end of the wagon, when the horses gave a sudden start, and she fell backward over the end board to the ground. She fell very heavily, lighting upon the shoulders and producing a severe concussion of the chest and lungs. Dr. Gardner, of East Liverpool, Ohio, upon the ground was called and rendered all the services that he could, and she was taken by her friends to her home.

This morning a most excellent Love feast was held at the stand, and the people spoke and shouted and praised God in good old Methodistic style.

At 10½ A. M. Rev. J. Hollingshead discoursed in words of great beauty and pathos concerning the "Suffering and Glory of Christ," and at this present writing the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper is being administered.

A large number of ministers were here yesterday, and quite a number have come on this morning.

We note the presence of Rev. R. A. Carruthers, of Erie Conference, Revs. W. Smith, W. H. Locke, Dr. J. Murray, J. K. Miller and Prof. Clarke, of Mount Union.

I close for the mail. VIDERO.

The Mckeesport Camp Meeting.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

MCKEESPORT, Tuesday, 4 P. M.

Up to the present time the meeting, so far as the conversion of sinners is concerned, has not been as successful as it at first promised. Not many of the thronging multitude have yielded to the stirring, earnest, and, at times, powerful appeals to induce them to embrace the blessing of salvation. The number of mourners is reported to be some twelve or fifteen.

In other respects the meeting has been very good. The meeting of Monday morning, for the relation of christian experiences, was one that will not soon be forgotten by those present. Scores of souls were filled unutterably full of glory and of God. At 10½ o'clock the venerable Dr. Wakefield preached on the Love of God, in the gift of his Son, to the evident profit of the congregation. The hour of two o'clock was improved by a sermon from Rev. R. Brown, followed with a prayer meeting. The voice of prayer and praise was heard ascending from many parts of the ground until the hour for public services at the stand; when, just as Rev. J. C. High was about to read his text, the rolling thunder, the flashing lightning, the roaring winds, and the drenching rain superceded the cry "To your tents, O, Israel," for soon the assembly dispersed, but were called into the large tents, etc. Rev. High had delivered an impressive discourse, prayer, singing, exhortation and shouting continued until midnight.

Although the rain poured in torrents all the night long, and most on the ground arose this morning from "watery couches," yet all seemed cheerful, yea happy, and the largely attended afternoon meeting, at 2 o'clock, was one of intense interest and great joy. This service was followed by an excellent sermon from Rev. H. Miller, such as he always preaches, after which the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was administered to a large number of deeply affected communicants. The sermon at 2½ o'clock was by Rev. Sliffey, a plain, practical discourse from the text, "What shall we do that we may be saved." The prayer meeting that was held immediately after, was one of unusual interest. Several penitents were at the altar of prayer. ARIDA.

Resolutions of Condolence.

HALL OF WESTERN AND SOUTHERN ENGINEERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION, } PITTSBURGH, August 19, 1867. }

At a meeting of the Western and Southern Engineers' Benevolent Association, held in their hall on Monday evening, August 19th, 1867, the following preambles and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The hand of an All Wise Providence has deprived us by death of our esteemed friend and fellow-officer, John Fulton, Jr., and,

WHEREAS, It is fitting that a tribute of respect should be offered to the memory of one who was long and so intimately connected by ties of the strongest friendship with the members of this association; therefore,

Resolved, That in the death of Andrew Fulton, Sen., this Association realizes the sad and solemn fact that they have lost a true friend and benefactor.

Resolved, That in the friendless days of infancy, purity of motive, indomitable will, energy and perseverance, and that guiding hand of a father whose moderate, firm and wise counsels at all times commanded the respect and admiration of every member of this Association, and whose willing ear was ever open to philanthropy was unbounded and praiseworthy in the highest degree—one to whom never ready to alleviate the wants and sufferings of those in distress; his ever watchful eye and ready hand to minister to the wants and necessities of his fellow-men; his unostentatious benevolence and paternal kindness in the widow and the orphan; his constant exercise of charity to the poor, all of these noble qualities combined and possessed by the man who

"Now sleeps the sleep of death."

Naturally causes arise from the sudden and heartfelt sorrow to arise in the minds of those who "knew him but to love him," and lead to the desire that him but to love him," and lead to the desire that him but to love him," and lead to the desire that

"The good we do inherit,
The evil be interred."

Resolved, That we bow with deep submission to the will of Him who doeth all things well, and that we tender our sympathies with those of his distressed relatives.

Resolved, That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions of confidence and respect, signed by the Committee and the officers, and the presiding officers of this Association, be transmitted to the family of our deceased friend.

THE WORTHINGTON, } Committee.
JAMES DARRAGH, }
H. WILSON COWAN, President.
JOHN BURGOON, Secretary.

The Storm on Monday Night---Damage to the Wood Street Sewer.

The heavy rain storm, which visited this city on Monday evening, resulted disastrously to the Wood street sewer. The water poured into the excavation in torrents, washing away the sidings south of the St. Charles Hotel to such an extent that the roadway and part of the brick stones gave way. The large gas pipes also broke, and it was sometime before the disaster could be remedied. The sand was washed down into the sewer, and in order to keep it open a dredge boat was employed yesterday in removing the debris from its mouth. This disaster will have the effect of delaying the improvement for a short time, but no serious effects are anticipated. Mr. Allen, the contractor, had his hands at work yesterday as usual, and it is hoped that the damage will be repaired in a few days. The watchman, who had been left in charge of the work, was censured for not making an opening for the flood, and was discharged yesterday morning. The accident is to be deplored, as it will involve an additional expense, and may result in retarding the work. The citizens owning property on the street are endeavoring to perfect arrangements for having the street paved with Belgian pavement, and in case the project is successful, Wood street will shortly become one of the most popular thoroughfares in the city. A movement is also on foot to have the new pavement introduced on Fifth street.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

[Before Burgess Barker, of South Pittsburgh.]

BREACH OF THE PEACE.

Henry Geyser and John Kingsy were arrested on oath of Andrew Myer, charged with a breach of the peace, and in default of bail were committed for a further hearing.

[Before Alderman Morrow.]

KEEPING A NUISANCE.

A man named Bierling, Mrs. Wayne and a Mrs. Dorenfinger were arrested on an information made by Mr. J. B. Williams, of the Board of Health, charging them with keeping nuisance on their premises. The two first named were discharged but Mrs. Dorefinger, who resides on Logan street, in the Sixth ward, was fined $5 and costs.

[Before Alderman McMasters.]

VIOLATION OF THE LIVERY STABLE ACT.

Mr. Alexander Pitcairn, one of the proprietors of the Excelsior Stables, near the Union Depot yesterday made an information alleging that a man named William Reams had hired of him, on the 18th inst., two horses and a barouche, to go, as he said, a short distance beyond East Liberty. It is claimed that the defendant went in a different direction and much further, and when he returned the barouche it was considerably damaged, and the horses had been so wantonly abused as to be almost entirely useless. A warrant was issued for the accused.

Our National Game.

THE ALLEGHENY CLUB AT DETROIT.

The Detroit *Press*, in alluding to the Base Ball Tournament in that city, speaks of the Allegheny Club, of Allegheny City, as follows: "The Allegheny Club, though defeated for the first prize, will carry off the silver tea set which is really the finest, though not the most valuable prize. By their quiet demeanor and gentlemanly bearing, they have, during their short stay, won a host of friends, who are not satisfied with the result of the game, and have, therefore, after consultation, concluded to offer a citizens' purse of five hundred dollars, to be played for by those crack clubs, on the Wednesday, if the day be fair, or on the first good day thereafter."

Yesterday the tournament closed with a friendly match between the Allegheny and Detroit Clubs, which resulted in the victory of the Allegheny, the score being, Allegheny, thirty-one; Detroit, sixteen. Special prizes were awarded to Lynch, of the Allegheny, as best catcher, and Pratt, as best pitcher. The success which has attended the Allegheny Club during their tour, cannot but be gratifying to the votaries here of this manly and invigorating sport.

BASE BALL CONTESTS IN EAST LIBERTY.

An exciting game was played on Monday between the Mutual Club, of East Liberty, and the Atlantic, of this city, on the grounds of the former club. The match was exceedingly well contested, and was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The following was the score:

MUTUAL.	O.	R.	ATLANTIC.	O.	R.
Myers, 2d b.	3	3	Boone, 1b.	4	3
Mitchell, s. s.	3	3	Drummond, 1st b.	0	3
Martin, c.	3	3	Hanks, c. f.	3	3
Jones, 3d b.	3	3	Brown, p.	3	3
Hall, r. f.	3	3	Bowen, r. f.	3	3
Tower, 1st b.	3	3	Autry, c.	3	3
Barr, p.	3	3	Mingle, 2d b.	3	3
Long, l. f.	3	3	Richenbaugh, s. s.	3	3
Lytle, c. f.	3	3	Shapple, c.	3	3
Total.	28	28	Total.	28	15

Umpire, Jean Earle. Enterprise Base Ball Club. Scorer, A. Tim.

PANNEE VS. INDEPENDENT.

The first nine of these clubs indulged in a friendly match on Saturday, on the grounds of the Mutual Club, in East Liberty. The Independents proved too expert for their opponents, and won the game by heavy odds. We append the score:

INDEPENDENT.	O.	R.	PANNEE.	O.	R.
Jeffers, c.	2	12	McKinley, c.	3	5
Leech, p.	3	3	Mcaool, p.	3	0
Wells, 1st b.	3	3	Hamilton, 1st b.	3	3
Woolslayer, c.	3	2	Beam, 3d b.	3	3
Felton, 3d b.	3	3	Manor, s. s.	3	3
Tomer, s. s.	3	3	Sharp, l. f.	3	3
Lowry, l. f.	3	3	Shoop, c. f.	3	3
Little, 2d b.	3	3	Wilson, r. f.	3	3
Beecher, r. f.	3	3	Thomas, 1. f.	3	3
Total.	26	37	Total.	24	23

Umpire, C. Kerr, of Mutual B. B. C. Scorer, R. C. Negley.

A Young Pittsburgh Widow Fleeces a Clevelander.

The reporter of the Cleveland *Herald* has a young friend who came to Pittsburgh recently, and was victimized by a gushing young widow at a hotel here to the tune of $420. The reporter tells how it occurred thus: It seems that he went to Pittsburgh on a visit and while there at the hotel he made the acquaintance of a pretty young widow who had just escaped the "weeds" the first day of his acquaintance, and appeared at the dinner table arrayed in an elegant light silk, and as he states, looked charming, all smiles and geniality. This table acquaintance ripened into a parlor sofa tete-a-tete, and long lingering walks in the evening, stopping now and then to "cream and soda" and an intimacy that could not be misunderstood by the landlady of the hotel. So finding that these actions were watched, she entreated him to leave her, but that was just the "game" to make him stay by her. Now to did much to the displeasure of the landlady, who took no pains to hide this ill feeling from the parties. In order to escape these persecutions, and to shun the actions of the landlady, she proposed a trip to Cincinnati and Louisville, and one fine day, having but little to occupy his time, consented, and away they went as fast as express trains could carry them. They remained in these cities for a few weeks, and on their return, in the quietness of city life, (there were no first-class amusements to be attained,) concluded to try a few weeks at Cleveland, at the Weddell House City. They arrived on the morning express, and took lodgings at a first-class boarding house up town. During this acquaintance our friend had treated considerably to the good looks of the charming widow for safe-keeping, he being nervous about pocket-picking and burglary, and when they arrived here she had about $430 in her pocket-book. The next day, the day previous to his telling us of his loss, business called him to Oberlin, Ohio, where he was obliged to remain over night.

Upon his return to the city in the morning, his first thought was for the widow, of the pleasure it would give him to meet her again, after an absence of a few hours, and he had provided a very fine bouquet for the occasion, to convince the dear creature that with him, at least, it was not "out of sight, out of mind." The swiftest horses were employed to convey him from the depot to the house containing his adored. Arrived at the house, he rushed—school-boy fashion—up the steps, through the hall, and without slight of stairs to her room, to find her — gone, and his $430 with her. He met the landlady on the stairs as he came down, who, in answer to his inquiries, said that the lady with whom he had come had left the house about an hour after him, on the day before, and that she said she was going into the country to rusticate until her husband returned. Our friend was thunderstruck at the loss, a wiser, if not a richer man. As he is one of Fortune's favorites, the loss of the money don't trouble him; but, as he expresses it, "that he should be bamboozled by a dashing widow."

The New Theory for Diseases of the Air Passages.

A WORD FROM AN OLD SCHOOL PHYSICIAN AS TO ITS MERIT.

There are many systems of medicine by which we attempt to heal the human body and make it free of disease, ranging from the science of Allopathy down to that of Hydropathy. How far they have succeeded time has abundantly shown by the number of their failures as well as by the number and history of their cures.

In the cure of Pulmonary disease, Dr. Aborn has stepped out of the old beaten track, and adopted a system so simple, and at the same time so effective in the cure of all who are suffering from catarrh and disease of the lungs, of a character defying cure by any of the old methods of treatment.

Although from childhood I have been raised and also went through a regular course and graduated as an Allopathist, yet a strict love of "what is" made me, after a fair trial, to seek benefit received by the new system of atomization, teaches me to bear some testimony to its merits for the benefit of suffering humanity.

A. FAGENBAUM, M. D.,
Practical Apothecary, Lawrenceville.

JONES'S ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER.—The essence of ginger has long been used by the medical faculty for derangements of the stomach and bowels, and is found beneficial in cases of colic, cholera morbus, diarrhœa, and kindred diseases. Among the best preparations in the market is Jones's Essence of Pure Jamaica Ginger, prepared by M. A. Jones, Druggist, No. 256 Liberty and corner of Seventh and Smithfield streets, Pittsburgh, and for sale by druggists generally. Those who have the preference for tinctures will find this a safe and effective remedies against the diseases incident to the season, should by all means add a few bottles of this valuable preparation to their stock of medicines.

JOHN NICHOLSON, Esq., an old resident of Pittsburgh, testifies as follows: For thirty years I have been afflicted with deafness, accompanied by an unpleasant buzzing sound in my ears. Dr. Aborn has removed all the unpleasant sensations, and improved my hearing, by a course of treatment of one month's duration, and I can conscientiously recommend Dr. Aborn as a gentleman in his business transactions, and a physician and surgeon of the highest scientific attainments. JOHN NICHOLSON,
National Hotel, Pittsburgh.

August 17, 1867.

Dr. Aborn's office is at No. 134 Smithfield street.

$30 Reward

If the "Indian Herb Doctor" fails to describe disease, and tell his patients the nature of their complaints or illness, without receiving any information from them. No charge for consultation or advice.

OUR MOTTO.

We use such Balms as have no strife
With Nature or the Laws of Life;
With blood or harm to no one man,
Nor poison men to ease their pain.

Our Father, whom all goodness fills,
Provides the herbs for human ills;
The simple herbs beneath our feet;
Well used, relieve our pains complete.

A simple Herb, a simple Flower,
Culled in the Month of May
These shall speak in touching power,
Of Diseases and Pain to flee.

Office—No. 194 Liberty street, between Smith and Market, Pittsburgh, Pa.

I have been deaf in my right ear for some seven years; for five years entirely deprived of its use, accompanied by a discharge. Dr. Aborn commenced treating me on Monday, the 5th August. I can now hear a watch tick distinctly, the discharge is cured, and I consider myself in a fair way of recovering.

G. E. NORTH,
Proof reader "COMMERCIAL,"
76 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

EXTINGUISHER PUTS OUT FIRE instantly. Office, 73 Water street, Pittsburgh. tf

"He hath a daily beauty in his life,
That makes me ugly."

"His beauty consists principally in his fine head of hair. My features and form are as good as his, but the unfortunate premature grayness of mine, and the early tendency to baldness have made me ugly."

The foregoing is the place from his parents' residence, No. 152 Center Avenue, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KIRKPATRICK.—On the 19th inst., WILLIAM AIKEN, aged thirty-five years, formerly of Pittsburgh, son of John and Sarah Aiken.

DIED:

PICKERGILL.—On Tuesday morning, August 20th, at twenty minutes past six o'clock, ANNIE, infant daughter of Thomas and Rebecca Pickergill, aged nine months and five days.

The funeral will take place from his parents' residence, No. 152 Center Avenue, on THURSDAY MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

KIRKPATRICK.—On the 19th inst., WILLIAM AIKEN, aged thirty-five years, formerly of Pittsburgh, son of John and Sarah Aiken.

WHEELER & WILSON
AWARDED THE
ONLY GOLD MEDAL
At Paris Exposition, for perfection in Sewing Machines. Over 80,000 competitors.
No. 27 FIFTH STREET.

ROSSTON'S
INDIGO BLUE
ROSSTON'S YEAST POWDER,
ARE THE BEST IN THE MARKET.
For sale by all Grocers.

SNOWDON WORKS,
Brownsville, Pa.
J. N. SNOWDON,
MACHINIST,
ENGINE BUILDER
AND
STEAMBOAT CONTRACTOR

Having leased the well-known Works formerly carried on by John Snowdon & Sons, and possessing ample facilities for completing contracts in the above line, I am now prepared to engage for work to be done on the best terms and in the shortest time possible. I propose to BUILD STEAMBOATS ENTIRE or furnish any part of the Machinery.

I would especially ask attention to my facilities for, and experience in, the construction of

IRON VESSELS.

For which I am prepared to contract.
Refer to Pittsburgh manufacturers and business men of Pittsburgh generally.

J. N. SNOWDON,
BROWNSVILLE, PA.

MARVIN'S CRACKERS.
ARE
THE BEST
IN MARKET.
Wholesale and Retail
91 Liberty Street,

Disease of the Throat Cured.

I have been afflicted with a severe attack of a disease of the throat, termed Bronchitis, and had tried medical skill without any beneficial effect until last Tuesday evening, when I visited Pittsburgh for the purpose of consulting Dr. Aborn, of No. 134 Smithfield street, who gave me immediate relief, and have continued to improve daily since until I am able to return home perfectly cured—the result of his new treatment of diseases of the air passages by his system of atomization.

E. V. MARSH,
New Bethlehem, Pa.

FIRES FROM COAL OIL PUT OUT WITH EXTINGUISHER. Office, 73 Water street, Pittsburgh. tf

GODFREY & CLARK manufacture the best paper sacks in the United States for putting up flour, corn meal, &c. Call and see them. Warehouse, No. 357 Liberty street.

Ladies

If you are afflicted with lassitude; if, on rising in the morning, you feel unrefreshed, with a bad taste in the mouth; a disgust for food; a constant desire to rest, it is time something should be done to stop the growing evil. We know of no preparation more highly adapted to all afflictions of this description than

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

For mothers nursing this great tonic should always be taken, especially where the mother's nourishment is inadequate to the demands of the child, consequently her strength must yield, and here it is where a good tonic, such as HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, is needed to impart temporary

STRENGTH AND VIGOR

to the whole system. Ladies should by all means try this remedy, and before so doing, ask your physician, who, if he is acquainted with its virtues, will recommend its use in all cases.

As a

MEDICAL AGENT

it has no equal, while its pleasing flavor and healthful effects have made it a general favorite. It is free from all properties calculated to impair the system, and its operations are at once mild, soothing and efficient. All who have used the Bitters

ATTEST ITS VIRTUES

and commend its use.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

For Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

W W Wallace 15 bbls white lime; Means & Coffin, 8 pkgs ink; Anderson, Boyd & Co, 45 pieces marble; Jas A Ellis, 1 pkg do; Marsh & Henderson & Co, 5 do do; Watt & Watson, 25 do do; J K Smith & Co, 5 crates Bar iron; A Leech, 10 empty sacks; J F Wis'ts, 32 bushels corn; Wm McCutcheon, 100 bbls lime; Jas Marshall, 1 pkg do; Hamilton, Martin, Law, Hubbard, Bros & Co, 1 box do; R Mellon & Bro, 1 do do; Jas Park, jr, & Co, 1 do do; Jas Wood, 3 sacks rag; 2 bdls do; 2 bdls apples; 1 bbl do; 1 bbl pears; Hendersons & Wilson, 1 pkg do; Wm Hubbard, 1 do do; Wm Bell, 1 do do; Wm Bell & Co, 1 do do; Wm Bell & Co, 1 box meat, 3 sacks rag, 2 do wheat, 2 bbls apples, 1 bbl pears; Bennett & Angelstein, 27 sacks oats.

For Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad.

Jas Dalzell, 1 car pig iron; J Wood, Sen & Co, 1 car do; Wm Phillips & Bro, 1 car do; Jas H Hopkins & Co, 1 car do; Lockhart & Agnew, 45 bbls flour; Hogg, Wilhelm & Hockert, 1 printing press; Davis & Phillips, 1 car do; Hussey, Wells & Co, 1 car do; Jas Park, jr, & Co, 2 boxes scales; Atlas Works, 6 valves; Wood, Mathews & Co, 1 car do; Jas Park, jr, & Co, 1 car do; Jas Park, jr, & Co, 1 car do; Jas Park, jr,